

Hospitals & Asylums

Hydrocortisone, Eucalyptus, Lavender or Peppermint (HELP) Act of 2021

A BILL

To insert the word 'prescription' after inspection, and before, fumigation in domestic quarantine statute under 42USC§264 and 42CFR§70.2.

To prescribe HELP – Hydrocortisone, eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint cure coronavirus. Hydrocortisone creme is applied to the nose, throat and/or chest and essential oil of Eucalyptus, Lavender or Peppermint is used as aromatherapy, herbal tea, cooking ingredient, menthol cigarette, or medicinal preparation such as Hall's menthol, that is also a good frontline treatment for flu.

To safely evaluate the effectiveness of coronavirus vaccines, by informing the public of HELP above, whereas deprivation of HELP above is a crime of genocide and that vaccine propaganda constitutes biological experimentation and coronavirus lockdown in general is a major war crime against all civilization to be lodged against the Secretary-General of the United Nations who is most notorious for not officially reparating for cutting the UN Peacekeeping budget to \$6.6 billion. In Brazil the vaccine was only 50% effective and there were deaths in the elderly test subjects in Scandinavia.

To devaluate the dollar to pay for all special issue and t-bonds in excess of 3 percent of Gross Domestic Product.

To repeal the OASDI tax loophole for the rich and state employees and create an SSI Trust Fund to end child poverty by 2024 and all poverty by 2030.

To tax energy export tax in order to afford United Nations Arrears and Certain Iranian Assets.

To award a third of pandemic compensation expiration beneficiaries and their family disability.

To credit the DI Trust Fund with an estimated \$192 billion (2020) tax rate adjustment investigation loan and the OASI Trust Fund for adjusting the tax rate to ensure there is no DI deficit.

To fully fund the Ticket-to-work program with a prescription for HELP for all pandemic compensation expiration applicants for disability.

To require the Secretaries of Health and Human Services and Environmental Protection Agency to produce a list of chemical, infectious and communicable air pollutants and best available treatment.

To make orphan a qualify disability.

To require State Medicaid programs to pay for all insulin prescriptions.

To provide an automatic 3 percent annual COLA and increase in federal minimum wage.

To require the Secretary of Labor to estimate the cost to contributors for unemployment compensation to pay new mothers for six months of exclusive breastfeeding or sabbatical every ten years.

To stop the Congress and President from paying for speed tickets (pseudo-ephedrine) and sanctioning civilian and military officials and judges, legalize marijuana and abolish funding for the FBI, DEA, ICE, Interagency Drug and Crime Enforcement, Office of National Drug Control Policy (from CMS), Sentencing Commission, international military finance, military education, international narcotic control and law enforcement and non-UN peacekeeping.

To require the Office of Management and Budget, Congressional Budget Office and Treasury Bureau of Fiscal Services to accurately account for federal outlays and revenues.

To draft wilderness to prevent forest fires and defend the indigent.

To draft a Convention on Pandemic Treatment to prescribe Hall's as frontline treatment and Oseltamivir (Tamiflu), Zanamivir (Relenza) and Amantadine (Symmetrel) to cure influenza; INH and rifampin, or INH, rifampin and ethambutol with or without pyrazinamide to cure tuberculosis and non-tubercular mycobacterial disease; and hydrocortisone, eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint (HELP) to cure coronavirus and mold allergies.

Be it enacted in the House and Senate assembled

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Part I Revenues

Sec. 1 Devaluation

1. To prevent economic collapse from the sale of t-bonds and special issue bonds from the extraordinarily expensive Coronavirus Relief Acts, the Secretary of the Treasury shall protect the stock exchange against the cost of the COVID-19 pandemic relief acts and federal deficit by devaluating of the US dollar to keep the deficit within 3 percent of GDP pursuant to the Marshal Lerner Condition under 19USC§4421, 22USC§5301 *et seq.* and 2020 Revised estimates: effect of changes in rates of exchange and inflation Report of the Secretary-General A/74/585 of 11 December 2019. The United States Treasury shall continue to devalue the dollar to print out federal deficits in excess of three percent of GDP without consequence to the stock market.

2. There is significantly more unemployment and business closures due to the COVID-19 pandemic than occurred during the Great Recession. The pandemic is believed to be the largest economic contraction since the Great Depression. The United Nations estimates a 10 percent economic decline from the previous year, for the entire year. Due to the severity of the contraction in the United States, this is believed to hold true, even though the pandemic should immediately end just after passing the six month threshold of economic depression, with this prescription for HELP to cure coronavirus. The expensive relief Acts have sustained retail sales that may keep gross domestic product (GDP) growth at 0 to -3%, enabling a full economic recovery as early as 2021 or 2022. However, payroll and individual income taxes are estimated to decline 10% from the 2019. Provided the pandemic is treated with HELP, or the vaccine convinces pseudo-scientists to find a new name for murder, after coronavirus, and the dollar is devaluated to prevent bond sales from making huge withdrawals from the stock exchange, from the 2020 low, employment can only be expected to increase 1.3%, GDP not more than 3% and payroll and individual income taxes 6% annually, delaying full recovery until 2022.

Sec. 2 Closure of tax loopholes for rich, state employees and energy exports

1. Adjustment to the Contribution Base codified in Sec. 230 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§430 shall be repealed. The payroll tax loophole for the rich and state employees shall be entirely closed, without any reservations, beginning January 1, 2021 to enable the Social Security Administration (SSA) to pay for the benefits of workers disabled by the COVID-19 pandemic, end child poverty by 2024 and all poverty by 2030. Closing the loophole should generate a 33 percent increase in payroll tax revenues. This should be enough to pay one-third of 32 million pandemic compensation beneficiaries, create an SSI Trust Fund and make progress on child SSI benefits in 2021.

2. To afford UN arrears and the recosting of \$3.6 billion *Certain Iranian Assets* (2019) with 100% interest after 40 years of 2.5% inflation since 1980 - \$8 billion FY20; the one tax limit in

26USC§4612(b) shall be amended- In addition, there is imposed a flat 5% energy export tax (feet).

Part II Pandemic Social Security Benefits

Sec. 3 Supplemental Security Income Trust Fund

Trust Funds at Sec. 201(b) of the Social Security Act under 42USC401(b) shall be amended by inserting (3) Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Trust Fund. There is created in the Treasury, to relieve the General Fund from obligation therefore, an SSI Trust Fund to end child poverty by 2024 and all poverty by 2030 pursuant to Sec. 1611 of Title XVI of the Social Security Act under 42USC§1382 *et seq.* There is hereby preliminarily appropriated to the SSI Trust Fund for the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021, and each year thereafter, for exact amendment by subsequent final reports if needed, amounts equivalent to 100 per centum of— (A) 0.7 per centum of wages and self-employment income paid after December 31, 2020 and before January 1, 2024. (B) 0.75 per centum of wages and self-employment income paid after December 31, 2023 and so reported, which wages and self-employment income shall be certified on the basis of the records maintained by the Commissioner.

Sec. 4 COVID-19 Disabled Workers

1. COVID-19 disabled workers are advised to use Social Security Online before their worker privilege expires. There is no denying that COVID-19 is a disability and that people out of work. COVID-19 disabled workers shall be entitled to disability benefits when their unemployment compensation expires. Due to the economic damage caused by State ordered shutdowns of certain small businesses and the high cost of relief acts to the stock exchange, COVID-19 disabled workers shall be eligible based on need and the certification of their participation in the pandemic compensation by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 under 29USC§794a.
2. The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity, e.g. work, shall be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures such as curative medicine pursuant to Sec. 3(4)(E)(i)(I) of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 under 42USC§12102(4)(E)(i)(I). Disabled workers must be informed to treat themselves and their prospective workplaces with hydrocortisone, eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint (HELP) whereas the term “qualification standards” may include a requirement that an individual shall not pose a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals in the workplace in Title I Sec. 103(b) of the ADA under 42USC§12113(b).
3. There is not enough money to automatically give a disability benefit to all 32 million, or even 8 million in 2020, pandemic unemployment compensation beneficiaries upon expiration. SSA is therefore directed to immediately provide reasonable accommodation for COVID-19 disabled workers with a balance available to pay for 1 million of 8 million expired pandemic compensation beneficiaries in 2020 and another 1 million when extended unemployment benefits expire on January 1, 2021. Congress shall afford benefits for more than a third of COVID-19 disabled workers and make progress providing child SSI benefits to all children growing in poverty, by taxing the rich and state employees to ensure there is a balance available for disability insurance pursuant to the Anti-deficiency act of 1982 under 31USC§1502.
3. To defend the public against contagious airborne disease and pollutants pursuant to Sec. 103(e) of

the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) under 42USC§12113(e) is appended: (4) The Secretaries of Health and Human Services, and Environmental Protection Agency, (who lists only six air pollutants 2019), not later than January 1, 2021, shall review all airborne pollutants, infectious and communicable diseases of concern to respiratory health in the workplace and disseminate this information to the public, along with information on the best available medical treatment.

Sec. 5 Ticket to Work

1. For the duration of the pandemic and its economic consequences, all disability applicants will be treated to the Ticket to Work program and the needy to benefits pursuant *Biestek v. Berryhill* No. 17-1184 (2009). The Ticket to Work program shall be fully funded to prescribe hydrocortisone, eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint (HELP) to ensure prospective workers and workplaces are medically treated and supported to negotiate with repressive States indiscriminately prohibiting their industries. All tickets to state vocational agencies issued by the Commissioner pursuant to the Ticket to Work and Self-Sufficiency Act of 1999 Sec. 1148(b)(1) of the Social Security Act under 42USC1320b-19(b)(1), funded \$3,747,830,155 in 2020, with generous 2.7% inflation from 2015 pursuant to title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 under 29USC§720(b)(1) shall contain the following, exactly one blank page in size 12 Times New Roman font, prescription:

Hydrocortisone, Eucalyptus, Lavender and Peppermint (HELP)

a. The public must be informed that essential oil of eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint aromatherapy is a non-toxic and non-allergenic cure for coronavirus and mold allergies. Due to widespread business closures and unemployment there is no denying that COVID-19 is a disability despite the availability of curative medicine pursuant to Title I Sec. 3(4)(E)(i)(I) of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 under 42USC§12102(4)(E)(i)(I). To protect the workplace from the highly contagious coronavirus all disability applicants are required to treat the coronavirus with these safe and effective medicines pursuant to Title I Sec. 103(b) of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 under 42USC§12113(b)

a. Hall's mentholyptus cures coronavirus and flu. A drop of essential oil of eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint is topically applied with a squirt bottle or index finger to the upper lip and exterior, and/or interior, of the nose. Essential oils can also be administered in cleansers, soap, spray bottle, or in humidifiers to sterilize airspace, doorways, classrooms. Public restrooms need help to be reopened with soaps and cleansers containing essential oils of eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint. Washing the nose, face, hands and chest with soaps, provided in all public restrooms, containing essential oils of eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint, may be the social solution to the COVID-19 pandemic. Lysol, active ingredient eucalyptol, has been specially recommended as an environmental cleanser by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

b. Corticosteroids are the definitive medical treatment for coronavirus and mold allergies. Cushing's disease is a non-life-threatening side-effect of excessive life-saving corticosteroid use, its symptoms are fragile bones and puffy cheeks, and may a be a lead culprit in the high rates of total knee and hip replacement surgeries in industrialized nations. The non-prescription of corticosteroid inhalers to first time asthma patients is certain to be a leading cause of the dramatic rise in asthma and allergy patients over the past few decades.

c. Hydrocortisone crème is a corticosteroid that is available over-the-counter, for as little as a dollar a tube. When a dab is applied topically to the exterior of the nose, hydrocortisone creme instantly cures coronavirus and allergic rhinitis due to mold. A dab of hydrocortisone crème can also be applied to the chest to treat the potentially lethal fluid filled lungs exhibited in severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) from coronavirus, the carcinogenic lung nodules of pulmonary aspergillosis and the coronavirus and mold triggers of asthma attacks for as fast a cure as a rescue inhaler and lower-cost and lower-risk of Cushing's disease or potentially lethal malicious mold contamination than oral, intranasal, inhaled or intravenous corticosteroids.

d. Because malicious monoclonal antibody to the spine contamination of disability questionnaires mailed by local SSA offices have been witnessed interstate, an Epsom salt bath, saline solution, chlorine or salt water pool or ocean swim is prescribed to treat methicillin resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA). To prevent rampant B&E SSA shall stop entering addresses in the social security number indexed profiles pursuant to Art. 28 of the Fourth Geneva Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilians in Times of War (1949).

e. To help prevent cardiopulmonary disease, diabetes, cancer and pass the Army Weight for Height Chart, sedentary beneficiaries are prescribed a minimum of 50 crunches, 50 push-ups, 40 age adjusted, and three mile run for all, everyday pursuant to the Marine Corp Physical Fitness Test (PFT). Cripples need equivalent calorie burning alternative, e.g. manual wheel chair that doesn't tip over backward when crossing the street to the Federal Wilderness Area pursuant to Sec. 507 of the Americans with Disabilities Act under 42USC§12207.

Sec. 6 Tax Rate Adjustment Investigation Loan

1. The due date of the Annual Report shall be amended from April 1 to June 20-21, the summer solstice, in Sec. 201(c)(2) of the Social Security Act under 42USC§401(c)(2) and Sec. 1161 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§1320c-10. The Board of Trustees owes the DI Trust Fund an estimated \$193 billion (2020) compensation, including 2.5% interest, owed by the OASI Trust Fund as the result of the inability of the Board of Trustees to adjust the OASDI tax rates to make reasonable accommodation for the high incidence of disability of the Baby Boomers during the Great Recession 2009-2015 and in 2019 pursuant to Sec. 201(l) of the Social Security Act under 42USC§401(l). Congress must resolved to adjust the OASDI payroll tax rate to the full extent needed to prevent a deficit in the highly depleted and inadequate DI Trust Fund by amending Sec. 201(b)(1)&(2) of the Social Security Act under 42USC§401(b)(1)&(2). The OASI Trust Fund would receive credit on paying back their welfare fraud loan to DI Trust Fund, with the difference between the 1.8% and 2.06% low or 2.3% high cost COVID-19 pandemic projection for 2020 pursuant to Sec. 201(l) of the Social Security Act under 42USC401(l). For the low-cost COVID-19 scenario (b)(1)&(2) would be amended by appending (U) 2.06 per centum of the wages paid after December 31, 2019 and January 1, 2021. \$22.9 billion would be reduced from the debt owed DI to \$170.1 billion. Or if they vote to pay the intermediate projection for as many as half pandemic compensation beneficiaries upon expiration by taxing the rich and state employees to reduce the DI debt by \$40.2 billion reducing the DI debt to \$152.8 billion (U) 2.3 per centum of wages paid after December 31, 2019 and before January 1, 2021 and (V) 2.75 per centum of wages (including the tax on the rich and state employees) paid after December 31, 2020 and before January 1, 2025.

2. To conclusively pay back the loan from the DI Trust Fund in full, for the incompetence of the Board

of Trustees to properly adjust the OASDI tax rates during the Great Recession, by lawfully transferring funds from the OASI Trust Fund to the DI Trust Fund, now that the final results are known, it is advised to amend that section at common paragraphs Sec. 201(b)(1)&(2) of the Social Security Act under 42USC§401(b)(1)&(2) beginning with (R) 1.80 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 1999, and before January 1, 2009, and so reported. (S) 2.03 per centum of the wages/self-employment income paid after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2010, and so reported, (T) 2.35 per centum of wages paid after December 31, 2009 and before January 1, 2011, (U) 2.36 per centum of wages paid after December 31, 2010 and before January 1, 2012, (V) 2.39 per centum of wages paid after December 31, 2011 and before January 1, 2013, (W) 2.45 per centum of the wages paid after December 31, 2012 and before January 1, 2014, (X) 2.31 per centum of the wages paid after December 31, 2013 and before January 1, 2015. (Y) 2.24 per centum of the wages paid after December 31, 2014 and before January 1, 2015. (Z) 2.37 per centum of the wages (as so defined) paid after December 31, 2015, and before January 1, 2018. (AA) 2.04 per centum of the wages paid after December 31, 2017 and before January 1, 2019. (AB) 1.9 per centum of the wages paid after December 31, 2018 and before January 1, 2020. (AC) 2.06 per centum of the wages paid after December 31, 2019 and January 1, 2021, in the low-cost COVID-19 scenario. or (AC) 2.3 per centum of wages paid after December 31, 2019 and before January 1, 2021, in the intermediate COVID-19 scenario. (AD) 2.75 per centum of wages paid after December 31, 2020 and before January 1, 2025, including the tax on the rich and state employees.

Sec. 7 Insulin Rebate

1. Approximately 7.4 million Americans with diabetes use one or more formulations of insulin. People with diabetes using insulin come from varied economic, racial, and ethnic backgrounds. Almost 20% of African Americans with diabetes use insulin, either alone or with oral medications, as do 14% of Caucasians and 17% of Hispanics with diabetes. Of adults with diabetes earning below the poverty level, approximately 24% use insulin, either alone or with oral medications. For millions of people living with diabetes, including all individuals with type 1 diabetes, access to insulin is literally a matter of life and death. In general, the dosage of insulin is adjusted based on blood and urine glucose determinations and carefully individualize to attain optimum therapeutic effect. It is administered into the thighs, upper arms, buttocks, or abdomen using a 25- to 28-gauge needle, one-half to five-eighths inch in length. Insulin dependent diabetes mellitus (IDDM) comes with +/-50% death rate within 20 years of juvenile onset. IDDM and diabetes in general, must be a qualifying disability for DI and SSI pursuant to Sec. 223(d)(4) of the Social Security Act under 42USC§423(d)(4) and Sec. 1602 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§1381a.

2. As the hyperinflation in the price of insulin continues, individuals with diabetes are often forced to choose between purchasing their medications or paying for other necessities, exposing them to serious short and long-term health consequences. In 2013 Human insulin was available at the pharmacy for \$25 to \$100 per vial compared with human insulin analogs at \$174 to \$300 per vial. In one case four vials of insulin per month to properly manage diabetes, cost of \$1,948 a month out-of-pocket, until the family met the health plan deductible. The average list price of insulin has skyrocketed in recent years, nearly tripling between 2002 and 2013. Between 2006 and 2013, average out-of-pocket costs per insulin user among Medicare Part D enrollees increased by 10% per year for all insulin types. Comparatively, overall inflation during this time was 2.2%, medical care service costs increased by 3.8%, and spending for all prescription drugs increased by an average of 2.8%. Using a private insurance administrative claims database for all insulin prescriptions filled at least once, the median

out-of-pocket cost to patients went from \$19 per vial of insulin in 2000 to \$36 per vial of insulin in 2010. In addition, Working Group members with the USC Schaeffer Center found that average Medicare Part D beneficiary out-of-pocket costs for all insulin types doubled between 2006 and 2013, from \$27 per month to \$65 per month. Because insulin price inflation is so extremely out-of-control, Medicaid has a duty to pay for all insulin prescriptions, without copayment, regardless of the patients' family ability to pay, pursuant to Sec. 1927 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§1396r-8(3).

3. Almost 100 years ago, the discovery of insulin, derived from animal sources, began to save human lives. The advent of genetic engineering brought human insulin formulations to patients with diabetes in the 1980s. Rapid-acting and long-acting human insulin analogs were introduced in the 1990s. There are only three insulin manufacturers serving the U.S. market: Eli Lilly, Novo Nordisk, and Sanofi. The global insulin market is dominated by the same three large multinational corporations that manufacture and sell insulin in the U.S. Those companies represent 99% of the total insulin by value, 96% by total market volume, and 88% of global product registrations. The patents for many of the human insulin and human insulin analog formulations in current clinical use have expired. Hyperinflation in insulin prices is not the only serious crime associated with the US insulin manufacturer Eli Lilly. In 2007 a federal court in New York City, with a showy first execution in the state of New York City in decades in defense of murdered undercover police officers who were likely culprits of precisely this sort of insulin adulteration, upheld an injunction against research by several physicians who had found that Eli Lilly's best selling anti-psychotic/anti-depressant drug Zyprexa (Olanzapine) had caused millions of cases diabetes and death in diabetics when mixed with alcohol, taken orally in a McFinn or counterfeited in insulin vials and injected into the bloodstream, respectively. There is reason to believe that for Eli Lilly to stop torturing their insulin dependent diabetic customers with both the most outrageous hyperinflation and lethal poisonings, in the United States, it is necessary that both Zyprexa be recalled and responsibility for manufacturing insulin in the United States be acquire by another pharmaceutical corporation. To negotiate non-judgmentally with the hyperinflation, monopolization and torture of the insulin manufacturing industry, in the United States and abroad, without bankrupting the manufacturers with mandatory restitution, it is absolutely necessary for State Medicaid programs to free all insulin consumers from being billed for insulin and sue Eli Lilly for a rebate. To compensate for the hyperinflation in insulin prices Medicaid has a long-term obligation to pay for all insulin prescriptions, without any copayment, deductible, or out-of-pocket expense to the consumer or cost to their health insurance, whatsoever, regardless of the ability of the patient, family and/or premium financed health insurance policy to pay as much as \$3 billion a month, \$35.5 billion in 2020 pursuant to Sec. 1927 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§1396r-8(3). Coercion, retaliation, or discrimination and prohibited by Sec. 503 of the Americans with Disabilities Act under 42USC§12203. States shall sue insulin manufacturers for a rebate to redress hyperinflation since 2000, asking insulin prices be reduced to one third current levels, plus 44 percent inflation over the past 20 years, plus no more than 2.5% inflation thereafter pursuant to Sec. 1927 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§1396r-8(1) .

Sec. 8 Orphan Benefit

1. To reduce psychiatric abuse in foster care and enable orphans and orphanages to do SSA justice, orphans, including un-adopted adults orphaned before the age of 18, shall be considered a qualifying disability for a compassionate allowance to pay for the candy, car and college pursuant to Sec. 223 of the Social Security Act under 42USC423 and Sec. 1602 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§1381a. . SSA must recognize the orphanage as a representative payor due 30 to 50% of an orphan's benefit for the duration that they receive room and board from the orphanage. An orphan is a

child whose parents are dead or have abandoned them permanently. Adults can also be referred to as orphan, or adult orphans. However, those who reached adulthood before their parents died are normally not called orphans; the term is generally reserved for children whose parents have died while they are too young to support themselves. An orphan shall not be automatically be eligible for SSI if they are adopted or if parental rights have not been terminated by final felony determination pursuant to Sec. 472 of Title IV of the Social Security Act under 42USC§672. Do not take advantage of a widow or an orphan (Old Testament, Exodus 22:22). Leave your orphans; I will protect their lives. Your widows too can trust in me (Old Testament, Jeremiah 49:11). Religion that God our Father accepts as pure and faultless is this: to look after orphans and widows in their distress and to keep oneself from being polluted by the world (New Testament, James 1:27). And they feed, for the love of God, the indigent, the orphan, and the captive (The Human: 8). Therefore, treat not the orphan with harshness (The Quran, The Morning Hours: 9). Be good to orphans and the very poor. And speak good words to people (The Quran, The Heifer: 83). Give orphans their property, and do not substitute bad things for good. Do not assimilate their property into your own. Doing that is a serious crime (The Quran, The Women: 2).

2. In 2011, of the 73.7 million children under the age of 18, 28% (20.6 million) lived with one parent, and 4% of children lived with no parent. Approximately more than half of the children living with no parents were living with grandparents. There are an estimated 428,000 children in foster care in the United States in 2015 and that number is growing. 269,000 children entered foster care and 243,000 exited. 55% are planned to be reunified with parents or principal caregiver, 3% live with other relative, 26% are adopted, 3% stay in long term foster care, 4% are emancipated, 3% guardianship, and 5% have not established a case plan. 135,000 children are adopted in the United States each year, 54,000 with child welfare agency involvement. Of the 111,000 waiting to be adopted, 62,000 had their parental rights terminated that year. The circumstances associated with the child's removal was neglect 61%, drug abuse (parent) 34%, caretaker inability to cope 14%, physical abuse 12%, child behavior problem 11%, housing 10%, parent incarceration 8%, alcohol abuse (parent) 6%, abandonment 5%, sexual abuse 4%, drug abuse (child) 2%, child disability 2%, relinquishment 1%, parent death 1%. and alcohol abuse (child) 0% The reason for the discharge of 248,496 children is reunification with parents or primary caregiver 51%, living with other relative 7%, adoption 23%, emancipation 8%, transfer to another agency 2%, runaway 0.4%, death of child 0.1%.

3. It is estimated that there are less than 111,000 orphans and 400,000 adult orphans of whom an estimated 50% would be eligible due to economic circumstances at any given time. The final estimates of the SSA Division of the Actuary October 1949 was that there were a total of 3 million orphans, 6.3% of the under 18 population – 1.9 million paternal only 3.9%, 1.0 million maternal only 2.2% and 100,000 complete 0.2%. Orphaned children age 14-17 were found in the Census survey to be half as frequently in the labor force as all children of that age. The proportion who were both at work and in school was substantially greater among all children aged 14-7 than among orphans in these ages. Depending on their circumstances adult orphans have even less social support and are believed to suffer high levels of unemployment and low levels of education. The Veterans administration motto is “To care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow, and his orphan” and is somehow able to justify greater than 10% inflation. Widows are fairly well-taken care of by OASI, SSI has no less of a duty to provide for orphans, growing up in orphanages because their parents are dead or custody rights terminated by felony conviction. Orphans tend to be needy and having grown up in an orphanage, have an attitude and references, well-suited to benevolent administration of social security.

Sec. 9 Three Percent Annual Increase in Cost-of-Living Adjustment and Minimum Wage

1. Sustainable Development Goal 1 to end poverty by 2030 has driven home the point that the maximum SSI benefits is not adequate to raise a person out of poverty and because there is not currently not enough money to afford all beneficiaries a poverty line income, the COLA, like payroll tax revenues, must increase faster than CPI inflation. Originally determined as 2.4 percent, based on Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in Public Law 106-554, the Cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is effectively 2.5 percent pursuant to the most current interpretation by the 2020 Annual Report of Sec. 215(i) of the Social Security Act under 42USC§415(i). However, since 2010 the COLA has frequently been less than 2.5 percent and in three years, zero. So many beneficiaries have complained about becoming unable to pay bills they could previously afford Medicare now reduces premiums for low-income beneficiaries. A three percent COLA is needed to compensate low-income beneficiaries for decades of attrition of benefit purchasing power against 2.7 percent average annual consumer price inflation since 1980, 2.2 percent since 2000, with a suspicion of that since 2010 consumer price index inflation has tended to be underestimated to justify sipping from the COLA. To reduce costs the maximum benefit shall increase 2.5 percent. In response to extraordinary expenses that jeopardize the profitability of the Trust Funds, the Board of Trustees may decide to limit the COLA for beneficiaries with incomes above the poverty line to 2.5 percent. Because a bifurcated COLA would be difficult to account for, the Annual Report would need to declare how many beneficiaries have incomes above and below the poverty line, and the precise average COLA 2.5 – 3 percent, to be auditable. To make a concerted effort to end poverty by 2030, avoid layoffs due to sporadic overcompensation for decades of neglect, and ensure minimum wage worker compensation increases faster than inflation, it is necessary for the Department of Labor to legislate an automatic 3 percent annual increase in minimum wage, from \$7.25 an hour 2009-2021 to '\$15.00 in 2021 and 3% more every year thereafter.' under 29USC§206(a)(1)(D).

2. Inflation is a powerful economic force that is both fundamental to economic growth and destructive to purchasing power. Hyperinflation can render a currency worthless, such as 200,000 percent annual inflation in Venezuela where starvation has become common. Although the law of supply and demand provides that more units will be sold at a lower cost, if inflation is too low or negative the economy contracts, as business ventures are unable to sustain adequate levels of growth in wages and profit, as enforced by the COVID-19 pandemic, exactly as predicted by economists in regards to federal budget cut and tax relief propaganda. It is desirable so far as possible to adopt measures which expand rather than contract international trade (economy/finance) pursuant to Art. XII (3)(a) of the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT). Tariffs, are one form of intervention that cause international trade to contract, wherefore tariffs have been required to be annually reduced 0.97 for industrialized and 0.999 for developing nations by the Swiss Formula for Unilateral Tariff Reductions (2007). A delicate mathematical balance between consumer price inflation and economic growth has long been sought to ensure a stable economy provides everyone with a steadily improving standard of living. The Iron Law of Wages provides if wages rise above subsistence level, they produce inflation, which in turn forces wages down to subsistence level again. To ensure stable consumer economic growth, States and employers from time to time make estimates as to the minimum living wage so as to keep the standard of living of the population above the poverty line. Engel's Law anticipates that with rising incomes, the share of expenditures for food and other products declines. Based on surveys of families' budgets and expenditure patterns, that the income elasticity of demand for food was relatively low. The resulting shift in expenditures affects demand patterns and employment structures. Engel's Law does not suggest that the consumption of food products remains unchanged as income increases, it suggests that consumers increase their expenditures for food products, in percentage terms. Because the poor spend

a larger percentage of their income on food and consumer goods, subsidies for the poor are believed to both sustain consumer economic growth and limit consumer price inflation because the poor are more astute observers of price than the rich who will save and thereby remove money from the consumer economy. To maximize economic efficiency, sustainability and standard of living, subsidies for the poor and goods consuming services, are therefore prioritized to grow faster than those for the middle-class, government and rich who are expected to protect themselves against inflation with amortized mortgages. For the federal government optimal growth rates are estimated at 2.5 percent government, 3 percent services, education, COLA and minimum wage, 3.3 percent food stamps, 3 to 3.4 percent interest rate on t-bonds, 4 percent disability, 5.5 percent retirement and greater than 6 percent individual income and payroll tax revenues, lost to xenophobia in 2017 and the TCJA in 2018.

Sec. 10 Labor Insurance

1. The Department of Labor shall estimate the cost to contributors to provide for six months, 24 weeks, paid maternity leave, or six month sabbatical every ten years, under state and federal unemployment compensation programs. Six months paid maternity leave or sabbatical every ten years overrule both the current Labor Department proposal for paid leave for both mothers and fathers, including adoptive parents, and 14 weeks of maternity leave in the Maternity Protection under International Labor Organization (ILO) Convention No. 183 (2000) pursuant to six months of exclusive breastfeeding required for infant nutrition and development by the World Health Organization (WHO) *Essential Nutrition Actions: Mainstreaming Nutrition Through the Life-Course* (2019). Men and adoptive parents are not expected to want more than a three week holiday to have the income to enjoy their new baby. Male and non-child bearing contributors are entitled to equal six month benefits with new mothers, wherefore legitimate demand for a six month sabbatical every ten years of unemployment contribution is supported to prevent reverse gender discrimination. Unpaid maternity leave and the extraordinarily high cost of hospital delivery, as well time spent on child-care, are the primary reason that female income lags behind male, and that child poverty rates are so high in the United States. The United States lags dramatically behind all high-income countries, as well as many middle- and low-income countries when it comes to public policies designed to guarantee adequate working conditions for families. One hundred sixty-three countries around the world guarantee paid leave to women after childbirth; the United States does not. Forty-five countries ensure that fathers either receives paid paternity leave or paid parental leave; the United States does not. Seventy-six countries protect workingwomen's right to breastfeed at work; the United States offers no such protection. Ninety-six countries offer paid annual leave; the United States does not require employers to provide any paid annual leave. One hundred thirty-nine countries provide paid leave for short or long-term illnesses; the United States has no national policy regarding sick leave. The only other industrialized country, which does not have paid maternity or parental leave for women, Australia, guarantees a full year of unpaid leave to all women in the country. In contrast, the Family and Medical Leave Act of February 5, 1993 (PL-303-3) in the U.S. provides only 12 weeks of unpaid leave to approximately half of mothers in the U.S. and nothing for the remainder. 45 countries ensure that fathers either receive paid paternity leave or have a right to paid parental leave. To legislate this fundamental labor program, the Secretary of Labor shall produce estimates regarding the cost to contributors and propose to repeal experimental 'Demonstration Projects' and replace it with 'Labor Insurance' at Section 305 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§505.

(a) To expedite the reemployment of mothers who have established a benefit year to claim unemployment compensation under State law the Secretary of Labor shall pay unemployment

compensation for 24 weeks of Maternity Protection under International Labor Organization (ILO) Convention No. 183 (2000) as amended to provide 6 months of exclusive breastfeeding by page 39 of the World Health Organization (WHO) *Essential Nutrition Actions: Mainstreaming Nutrition Through the Life-Course* (2019). To provide equal benefits for equal contributions, while the unemployment compensation program makes a good faith effort to provide labor insurance, male and non-child producing female contributors shall be entitled to a six month sabbatical every ten years.

(b) On production of a medical certificate, stating the presumed date of childbirth, a woman shall be entitled to a period of maternity leave of not less than 24 weeks. Cash benefits shall be provided at a level which ensures that the woman can maintain herself and her child in proper conditions of health and with a suitable standard of living.

(1) Where a woman does not meet the conditions to qualify for cash benefits under national laws and regulations or in any other manner consistent with national practice, she shall be entitled to adequate benefits out of social assistance funds, subject to the means test required for eligibility for such assistance, from Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) under Sec. 404 of Title IV-A of the Social Security Act under 42USC§604 *et seq.* and Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Program for the Aged, Blind and Disabled under Sec. 1611 of Title XVI of the Social Security Act under 42USC§1382 *et seq.*

(2) Medical benefits shall be provided for the woman and her child. Medical benefits shall include prenatal, childbirth and postnatal care, as well as hospitalization care when necessary.

(c) Employers shall provide at least 3 weeks of paid leave annually to uphold the Holiday with Pay ILO Convention No. 132 (1970) and Workers with Family Responsibilities Convention No. 156 (1981). Employers shall provide up to 12 week of unpaid leave to care for the severe sickness of a child under the Family and Medical Leave Act of February 5, 1993 (PL-303-3).

Part III Federal Government

Sec. 11 Speed Ticket

1. It took four months for medical propagandists to touch their nose when prompted to identify the immediate symptom of coronavirus, before it descends the airways, the lungs fill up with fluid and the patient dies from severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). Instead of gold, out came diarrhea, as fictitious as the asymptomatic COVID-19 patient. It is held that the reason that the US Supreme Court has not published since June 20, 2019 and that public officials in general are so vulnerable to coronavirus propaganda other than hydrocortisone, eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint (HELP) is that their brains have been shrunk due to involuntary exposure to Pseudoephedrine is fraudulently advertised to be used for the temporary relief of stuffy nose and sinus pain/pressure caused by infection (such as the common cold, flu) or other breathing illnesses (such as hay fever, allergies, bronchitis). Pseudoephedrine is a decongestant (sympathomimetic). Brands: SudoGest, Suphedrine, Wal-Phed D, Sudafed 12 Hour, Sudafed 24 Hour, Sudogest 12-hour, Sudafed, Suphedrin, Wal-phed 12 hour, Sinus 12 Hour.

2. It is resolved that Congress shall stop paying for “speed tickets” with extraordinarily expensive Relief Acts un-dismissed while high or low, on or off, ephedra (Mormon tea) harvested from the Great

Basin National Park – extra senile. Ephedra intoxication of judges was noted to justify both the CARES Act of 2020 and Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA) of 2017 and is believed to be a common cause of high spending and clerical errors in Congress, statistical insolvency and administrative malaise and un-dismissed police rampages in federal and state courts. Whereas ephedra is not listed in the Controlled Substances Act (CSA) it seems best to treat the abuse as a constitutional disability affecting all three branches of the federal government pursuant to Sec. 510 (d)(2) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 under 42USC§12210(d)(2) and XXV Amendment to the US Constitution.

3. Previously congressional activity, and delinquent federal student loan collections have been cited with inciting rampage shootings under the influence of topical Dimethoxymethylamphetamine (DOM) exposure that causes a three day panic attack followed by six months recovery from severe mental illness if not immediately washed off with water. Panic disorder of US Ambassadors to the UN was evident in *Republic of Iran v. United States of America* (2018-2019). Henbane was suspected in COVID-19 quarantine related domestic violence without insomnia, but this is more likely to be due to low doses pseudo-ephedrine. Methamphetamine causes temporomandibular joint (TMJ) discomfort. “Two bag meth” is made with pseudo-ephedrine and TMJ, known as extra-paramyodal syndrome, caused by psychiatric drugs that are lethal at one regular dose, the FDA approved antidote its the flu drug Amantadine (Symmetrel), hospitals use Benadryl, but neither have been tested. For the purpose of medical malpractice these TMJ causing psychiatric drugs are to be treated as deadly poisons. To reduce demand for speed, opiates and other dangerous drugs and make peace with the idiotic drug war in the only fashion known to work, by federally legalizing marijuana, Congress shall repeal marijuana from Schedule I(c)(17) of the CSA under 21USC§812(c).

4. To do unlawful budget cuts sanctioning civilian agencies justice, the US Marshall budget shall increase in excess of 3 percent annually based upon the usurpation by the federal court of any legitimate responsibilities of the FBI (protecting only Uniform Crime Reports, National Forensic Laboratory and Police Academy), DEA (destroying the DEA stockpile and all drugs seized by the police, and terminating DEA Diversion Control if the Department of Health and Human Services does not want to charge the biannual fee), ICE, Interagency Drug and Crime Enforcement, Office of National Drug Control Policy, Sentencing Commission, CIA (protecting the World Factbook), international military finance, international military education, international narcotic control and law enforcement and non-UN peacekeeping are to be completely abolished pursuant to Art. 54 of the Fourth Geneva Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilians in Times of War (1949) and repeal of the Authorization for employment of FBI and DEA Senior Executive Service under 5USC§3151-§3152

5. To stop corruption of the Attorney General, whereas the White House refuses to receive anymore Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP) financing from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), all such ONDCP financing by CMS shall be terminated. FBI Health Care Fraud Enforcement and Health Care Fraud and Abuse Control Financing must be abolished.

6. Social Security Administration (SSA) shall stop sending out monoclonal antibody to spine contaminated disability questionnaires and prescribe Epsom salt bath or salt water pool or ocean swim to treat methicillin resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA). To prevent a mostly kleptomaniac B&E, SSA shall stop entering addresses in the social security number indexed profile pursuant to Art. 28 of the Fourth Geneva Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilians in Times of War (1949).

7. Congress must amend federal torture statute to comply with Arts. 2, 4 and 14 of the Convention

against Torture (CAT) by repealing the phrase “outside the United States” from 18USC§2340A(a) and amending Exclusive Remedies at §2340B so: The legal system shall ensure that the victim of an act of torture obtains redress and has an enforceable right to fair and adequate compensation, including the means for as full rehabilitation as possible. In the event of the death of the victim as a result of an act of torture, their dependents shall be entitled to compensation under Art. 14 of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (CAT)(1987).

Sec. 12 President’s Budget

1. Customs is required to explain the sources of their skyrocketing Customs revenue declaration. The withholding on wages of non-resident aliens under 26USC§1441 shall be repealed, so that all taxes assigned to individual income and payroll tax shall be immune from legal process pursuant to Sec. 207 of the Social Security Act under 42USC§407. An annual 0.97 reduction of tariffs, from 2016 before hikes, is needed to comply with Swiss Formula for Unilateral Tariff Reductions (2007). National accountants shall report total customs revenues and total customs outlays. To improve difficult accounting of irregular payments for Federal Emergency Management Administration (FEMA) their congressional budget justification shall be given a unique row in the outlays by agency table independent of Homeland Security, who shall change their name to Customs.

2. To reduce superfluous paperwork and meaningless discretionary / mandatory distinction that unnecessarily divides and complicates agency budgets, the word “discretionary” shall be repealed from the caption of 'Enforcing Spending Limit under 2USC§901 & (b). 2USC§901(b)(2)(A-G) and (c) shall be repealed to eliminate accounting for Overseas Contingency Operation/ Global War on Terrorism, Continuing Disability Reviews, Health Care Fraud and Abuse Control, Reemployment Services and Eligibility Assessment and 2020 Census; paragraphs (b)(2) (D) & (F) shall be renumbered (A) Disaster funding and (B) Wildfire suppression and a new paragraph shall provide for (C) Ticket to Work (i) If there is a shortfall in federal Ticket-to-work funding for state vocational agencies because the Annual Reports of SSA do not adequately account for the program in their administrative expenses pursuant to the Ticket to Work and Self-Sufficiency Act of 1999 Sec. 1148(b)(1) of the Social Security Act under 42USC1320b-19(b)(1) Congress shall legislate to ensure the program is adequately funded \$3,747,830,155 in 2020, with generous 2.7% inflation from 2015 to afford COVID-19 disabled workers a ticket to work that prescribes hydrocortisone, eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint (HELP) to cure coronavirus and mold allergies pursuant to title I of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 under 29USC§720(b)(1)

3. For the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Congressional Budget Office (CBO) and Treasury Bureau of Fiscal Services to produce a federal budget that is both accurate and legitimate, to: The terms “budget outlays” and “outlays” mean, with respect to any fiscal year, expenditures and net lending of funds under budget authority during such year under 2USC§622(1), should be appended:

(A) The term “on-budget outlays” means, with respect to any fiscal year, the President's budget, all the expenditures of the United States Government, except those for the Federal Old Age Survivor Disability Insurance Trust Funds, the repayment of debt principal or negative subsidy revenues.

(B) The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and Congressional Budget Office shall analyze and coordinate the annual review of on-budget and off-budget outlays of all the Cabinet agencies. The Bureau of Fiscal Service monthly report shall stop accounting for duplicitous programs arbitrarily

attributed to budget authority and instead account for original federal outlays as defined in the sentence above, to precisely cancel revenues, and make an exact estimate of the surplus / deficit and sell up to three percent more t-bonds than are needed.

(C) Fictitious rows: off-budget offsetting receipts, Other Defense-Civil Programs, Allowances, On and Off Budget Independent Agencies, Off-budget Undistributed Offsetting Receipts, International Assistance Programs [added to State], and novel Infrastructure Improvement rows shall be deleted from OMB Table 4.1 and Bureau of Fiscal Services. To ensure there is a balance available for federal outlays, t-bond sales shall allow for up to a three percent margin of error more than scheduled expenditures pursuant to the Anti-deficiency Act of 1982 under 31USC§1502.

(D) New CBO, and obsolete OMB Table 4.1 Outlays by Agency table shall report the exact amount of federal outlays reported in annual congressional budget justifications and Bureau of Fiscal Services the monthly Treasury report for the following federal agencies (1) Legislative Branch, (2) Judicial Branch, Departments of (3) Agriculture, (4) Commerce, (5) Defense-Military Programs (change name to Military Department if their budget declares undistributed offsetting receipts), (6) Education, (7) Energy, (8) Health and Human Service (to graduate into two Cabinet agencies with outlays growing 3%), (9) Homeland Security (change name to Customs), (10) Housing and Urban Development, (11) Interior, (12) Justice, (13) Labor, (14) State (combined with unrepresented International Assistance Program row), (15) Transportation, (16) Treasury, (17) Veteran's Affairs, (18) Environmental Protection Agency, (19) Executive Office of the President, (20) Federal Emergency Management Administration (21) General Services Administration and Office of Personnel Management, (22) National Aeronautics and Space Administration, (23) National Science Foundation, (24) Small Business Administration, (25) on-budget Social Security Supplemental Security Income transferred off-budget if the rich are taxed (26) on-budget undistributed off-setting receipts, (27) total on-budget outlays, (28) total off-budget outlays reported by the Annual Report of the Board of Trustees of the Federal Old Age Survivor Insurance Trust Fund and Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund' and (29) total outlays.

D. Undistributed offsetting receipts are agency revenues remaining from the previous year, often called advanced appropriations, that are used to pay for the following year budget, to reduce outlays by the General Fund. Only five agency budget justifications produce reliable undistributed offsetting receipts, the Departments of Defense, Education, Health and Human Services, Interior and Corp of Engineers – Civil Programs. The annual tabulation of undistributed offsetting receipts is mathematically necessary to calculate total federal outlays and surplus / deficit. The Department of Agriculture has been saving money stolen from food stamps cuts in the Commodity Credit Corporation and does not produce undistributed offsetting receipts, nor make any additional “trade war” compensation payments, for that matter of concealing the proceeds of domestic program robbery. Elementary and Secondary Education and Medicaid declare Advance Appropriations in their budget tables, with explanation that these savings are used to pay for the difference between the school year and the fiscal year and to pay for the beginning of the next year medical claims. The Corp of Engineers – Civil Programs budget vacillates between the sound financial strategy of openly declaring precisely \$1 billion in undistributed offsetting receipts and total incompetence, but having once made the declaration, predictably produces \$1 billion undistributed offsetting receipts annually as the cornerstone of their federal outlay total. The Departments of Defense and Interior budgets are impaired by the failure to openly declare undistributed offsetting receipts in their budget overview. The Defense Department shall declare undistributed offsetting receipts with the difference between the congressional budget request and the total outlays of

the three military departments – Air Force, Army and Navy. The Department of Interior turns a tidy profit in undistributed offsetting receipts, that must be declared to ensure payment of 2.5 percent growth for public land agencies and 3 percent for Indian Affairs programs.

Sec. 13

Draft Wilderness Instructions

Insert Public Land

Indigent Defender: Email

The fundamental purpose of wilderness protection is to conserve the scenery and the natural and historic objects and the wild life therein, in such a manner as will leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations under 16USC§1 (2013) and 54USC§100101(a).

Perfect bona fide claims and privately exchange land under 24USC§153. Forgive unlawful intrusion, violation of rules and regulations under §154.

Cross-connect city-to-city sidewalks, bike-paths and trails with National Trail System Act under 16USC§1246(h)(1) to observe the stars or on the bank of wild and scenic waterways, except, 'urban drinking watersheds, endangered species habitat, private property, military base perimeters or area closures' to amend 36CFR261.58(e)(z).

Amend the creation myth of the National Park System in 16USC§1a-1 (2013) and 54USC§100101(b)(1)(A) from 'Yellowstone National Park in 1872' to 'Hot Springs Reservation in 1832 to provide free baths for the indigent' under 16USC§361 and 24USC§18.

Do not camp where camping is prohibited, under snags or falling overhead objects. Select a site with low wind and flat ground without roots, remove rocks and sticks.

Campfires: Use a stove in the wind and duff. Save fuel for when needed. Select only fire-pits located near water. First, dig a fire-pit. Extinguish with gallons of water. Fight smoldering wild-fire with mineral soil.

Water and Food: Filter water from a non-toxic source. Sawyer Squeeze filters 100,000 gallons to 0.1 microns. Do not use soap or detergent. Use a bear barrel or carry food in odor proof bag. Bury human waste six inches deep. Wood rats don't eat toilet paper.

Volunteer: Pack out all the trash. No eviction, no litter pursuant to 24USC§422(d)(1).

Work: Blaze trails and fight wildfires for grant funding under 24USC§423(b) and 54USC§302904.

Hydrocortisone, eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint cure coronavirus.

Part III Convention on Pandemic Treatment

Preamble

Recognizing that since February 2020 everyone on the planet has probably been exposed to, and at one time or another, contracted the highly contagious COVID-19 disease, that begins with an infected nose that can descend down the airways and cause death when the lungs fill with fluid.

Recognizing the World Health Organization (WHO) has declared the official name of the coronavirus disease as COVID-19, and named the virus severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2).

Recalling that the invention of the antibiotic streptomycin in 1946 and tuberculosis drug isoniazid (INH) in the 1950s eliminated demand for the historical Tubercular Hospital at Fort Bayard under 24USC§19, nine months of the combination of INH and rifampin chemotherapy will result in roughly 95% cure rates, therapy with INH, rifampin and ethambutol helps avoid the complication of drug resistance with non-tubercular mycobacterial disease, the addition of pyrazinamide can reduce treatment time to six months, but is toxic.

Resenting the futile preventative vaccine propaganda, as a war crime, in response to pandemics that have already begun and must be cured with the right drugs, the trade in live viruses, their loss, theft and abuse, that there is officially no treatment for coronavirus, that the Ozone Secretariat has not exempted corticosteroid inhalers from the Montreal Protocol to cure the coronavirus and achieve 2020 goals and most of all that WHO pandemic response does not prescribe hydrocortisone creme, or to avoid Cushing's disease side-effect, essential oil of eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint aromatherapy and medicinal preparations, such as candy canes, to cure coronavirus and prescription Oseltamivir (Tamiflu), Zanamivir (Relenza) and Amantadine (Symmetrel) to cure influenza.

Resolving to wear a clean face mask in contagious places to reduce the risk of transmission by an estimated 95%.

Recognizing that coronavirus and influenza are disabilities for which everyone has the equal right to voluntary curative treatment to fully enjoy all their right and freedoms pursuant to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2007).

Resolving to respond to the coronavirus pandemic and any future influenza pandemics by prioritizing the immediate prescription of curative medicines.

Believing health = eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint

Art. 1 Essential oils of eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint

1. Essential oils of eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint cure coronavirus and mold allergies. A drop is topically applied with the index finger to the exterior of the nose and upper lip. Spray bottles sterilize environments.
2. The aroma should cause the nasal irritation to immediately go down, and contagiousness and infection is believed to be instantly cured. The nasal irritation congeals into boogers. The alcohol in the essential oil mixture also sterilizes fingers probing inside the nostrils to prevent infection, careful to avoid injury to the sensitive mucosal membrane. When the gold boogers are removed, without injury, nasal irritation is completely eliminated. The patient is cured.
3. Scientific, before and after treatment, diagnostic testing is needed to determine the cure rate and speed, and other particulars regarding these essential oils, before children risk their lives returning to schools that have been closed since the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Art. 2 Aromatherapy

To sterilize popular indoor social environments, such as schools, against the highly contagious and potentially lethal coronavirus, aromatherapy using essential oils of eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint is advised to be dispensed by humidifier. These humidifiers should be placed at the entrance to ensure everyone is treated as they enter the building. The public must be informed that these essential oils are non-toxic and non-allergenic by nature, they cure both coronavirus and mold allergies.

Art. 3 Soaps, Cleansers and Other Medicinal Herbs

Public restrooms must be sanitized with eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint soaps and cleaners. The social solution to end the pandemic may be to reopen public restrooms stocked with soaps containing essential oils of eucalyptus, lavender or peppermint for people to wash their nose, face, hands and chest. Oral echinacea preparations have been effective at curing fluid-filled lungs, but relief is not instant. Many other natural remedies for pulmonary conditions may cure coronavirus, and are due publicity if they work or don't. The public must trust eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint.

Art. 4 Hydrocortisone crème

1. Corticosteroids are the definitive medical treatment for coronavirus and mold allergies. Cushing's disease is a non-life-threatening side-effect of excessive life-saving corticosteroid use, its symptoms are fragile bones and puffy cheeks, and may also be a lead culprit in the high rates of total knee and hip replacement surgeries in industrialized nations. The non-prescription of corticosteroid inhalers to first-time asthma patients is certain to be a leading cause of the dramatic rise in asthma and allergy patients over the past few decades.
2. Hydrocortisone crème is a corticosteroid that is accessible over-the-counter, for as little as a dollar a

tube. When a dab is applied topically to the exterior of the nose, hydrocortisone creme instantly cures coronavirus and allergic rhinitis due to mold. A dab of hydrocortisone crème can also be applied to the chest to treat the potentially lethal fluid filled lungs exhibited in severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) from coronavirus, the carcinogenic lung nodules of pulmonary aspergillosis and the coronavirus and mold triggers of asthma attacks for as fast a cure as a rescue inhaler and lower-cost and risk of potentially lethal malicious mold contamination than more expensive oral, inhaled and intravenous corticosteroids. The dose of corticosteroid in hydrocortisone crème is much lower than other corticosteroid preparations and should be below the threshold of Cushing's disease, despite chronic use.

3. Because essential oil of eucalyptus, lavender and peppermint pass the non-inferiority test with corticosteroids, without any potentially harmful side-effects, and can be used to sterilize environments, they are the primary medicines to be promoted to cure the COVID-19 pandemic. Nonetheless, no law shall be allowed to prohibit, limit or control the use of prescription and over-the-counter corticosteroids to cure coronavirus and mold allergies and treat asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder.

Art. 5 Corticosteroid inhaler exemption

1. It is a major war crime that there is said to be no official treatment for coronavirus although corticosteroids are the definitive medical treatment for coronavirus, and that the Ozone Secretariat has not exempted corticosteroid inhalers from their failed 2020 prohibition agenda to inform the public that corticosteroids cure COVID-19. Ozone is a form of air pollution and its defenders do not have the standing to prohibit life-saving corticosteroid inhalers, or any other, dangerously less-effective, fluorocarbon propelled inhaler, a smarter physician would want to prohibit, for that matter, because asthma patients may want to treat ozone inhalation. Wherefore corticosteroid inhalers are to be exempted from the 1987 Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer, and 1990 London Amendment, 1992 Copenhagen Amendment, 1997 Montreal Amendment, 1999 Beijing Amendment, and 2016 Kigali Amendment thereto, by the Ozone Secretariat.

Art. 6 Prescription influenza drugs

1. Hall's menthololypus is the front-line treatment for flu. WHO must respond to influenza pandemics by prioritizing the prescription of Oseltamivir (Tamiflu), Zanamivir (Relenza) and Amantadine (Symmetrel) to cure influenza. Amantadine (Symmetrel) is cheapest and is also indicated to cure the potentially lethal extra-pyramidal facial tic side-effect of antipsychotic drugs by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

2. WHO influenza pandemic response has been crazy – germaphobic - for as long as anyone can remember. It involves espionage-like publicity regarding the sending of live virus samples around the globe for vaccine development although flu vaccine effectiveness is often abysmal and it is prescription flu drugs that are wanted. WHO must primarily prescribe and provide life-saving prescription flu drugs, second ensure the public is informed of the use of masks and safety protocols to prevent the spread of contagious airborne disease and third develop a more effective vaccine for next year.

Art. 7 Ratification

The Secretary-General of the United Nations, and Director-Generals of the World Health Organization, shall equally be the depositary of the present Convention. The Arabic, Chinese, English, French,

Russian and Spanish texts of the present Convention shall be equally authentic. A State Party may denounce the present Convention by written notification to the Secretary-General or Director-Generals. Any State Party may propose an amendment to the present Convention and submit it to the Secretary-General, or Director-Generals. Reservations incompatible with the object and purpose of the present Convention shall not be permitted, and may be withdrawn. The present Convention shall be open for signature by all States as of 26 July 2021 and shall enter into force after the thirtieth day after the deposit of its twentieth instrument of ratification.